

TOWN OF WATERFORD CAPITAL RESOURCE CORPORATION

PROPERTY ACQUISITION POLICY

SECTION 1. DEFINITIONS.

1. "Acquire" or "acquisition" shall mean acquisition of title or any other beneficial interest in personal or real property.
2. "Contracting officer" shall mean the officer or employee of the Town of Waterford Capital Resource Corporation (hereinafter, the "Corporation") who shall be appointed by resolution to be responsible for the acquisition of property.
3. "Property" shall mean personal property in excess of five thousand dollars (\$5,000.00) in value, and real property, and any inchoate or other interest in such property, to the extent that such interest may be conveyed to another person for any purpose, excluding an interest securing a loan or other financial obligation of another party.

SECTION 2. DUTIES.

1. The Corporation shall maintain adequate inventory controls and accountability systems for all property owned by the Corporation and under its control.
2. The Corporation shall prepare, not less frequently than annually, a report listing all real property owned in fee by the Corporation. Such report shall consist of a list and full description of all real and personal property acquired of during such period. The report shall contain the price paid by the Corporation and the name of the seller for all such property acquired by the Corporation during such period.

SECTION 3. ACQUISITION OF PROPERTY.

1. Supervision and Direction. Except as otherwise provided herein, the duly appointed Contracting Officer shall have supervision and direction over the acquisition of property of the Corporation. The Corporation shall have the right to acquire its property for any valid corporate purpose.
2. Appraisal Report. An independent appraiser shall be hired to provide an opinion of fair market value before the Corporation shall make an offer with respect to the acquisition of the property. The appraiser should have a professional affiliation with a national appraisal organization and must not have an interest in the property (or be retained as an agent to sell the property). The appraisal report shall be in form and substance satisfactory to the Corporation and shall be included in the record of the transaction.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the preparation of an appraisal report shall not be required where the Corporation is acquiring the property pursuant to a donation, or if the valuation of the property is uncomplicated and the fair market value is determined to be less than \$10,000.

3. Method of Acquisition. Unless otherwise permitted by applicable law, the Corporation shall acquire property for not more than its fair market value by sale, exchange, or transfer, for cash, credit, or other property, with or without warranty, and upon such other terms and conditions as the Corporation and/or contracting officer deems proper. The Corporation may execute such documents for the acquisition of title or other interest in property and take such other action as it deems necessary or proper to acquire such property under the provisions of this section. Provided, however, the Corporation may acquire property for more than its fair market value, as described in an appraisal report reviewed by the Corporation, upon a finding by the Corporation pursuant to resolution of the Corporation that the acquisition of such property at such price is necessary for the Corporation to (x) further its corporate purpose, and/or (y) avoid the expense and delay of condemnation.

4. Validity of Deed, Bill of Sale, Lease, or Other Instrument. A deed, bill of sale, lease, or other instrument executed by or on behalf of the seller of the property and accepted by the Corporation, purporting to transfer title or any other interest in property of the seller to the Corporation in accordance herewith shall be conclusive evidence of compliance with the provisions of these guidelines and all applicable law insofar as concerns title or other interest of any bona fide grantor or transferor who has received valuable consideration for such title or other interest and has not received actual or constructive notice of lack of such compliance prior to closing.

5. Insurance. The Corporation must ensure that all insurable real and personal property under its control is insured against physical loss or damage.

TOWN OF WATERFORD CAPITAL RESOURCE CORPORATION

PROPERTY DISPOSITION POLICY

SECTION 1. DEFINITIONS.

(A) "Contracting officer" shall mean the officer or employee of the Town of Waterford Capital Resource Corporation (hereinafter, the "Corporation") who shall be appointed by resolution to be responsible for the disposition of property.

(B) "Dispose" or "disposal" shall mean transfer of title or any other beneficial interest in personal or real property in accordance with section 2897 of the New York State Public Authorities Law.

(C) "Property" shall mean personal property with a fair market value in excess of five thousand dollars (\$5,000.00), real property, and any inchoate or other interest in such property, to the extent that such interest may be conveyed to another person for any purpose, excluding an interest securing a loan or other financial obligation of another party.

SECTION 2. DUTIES.

(A) The Corporation shall:

(i) maintain adequate inventory controls and accountability systems for all property owned by the Corporation and under its control;

(ii) periodically inventory such property to determine which property shall be disposed of;

(iii) produce a written report of such property in accordance with subsection B herewith; and

(iv) transfer or dispose of such property as promptly and practicably as possible in accordance with Section 3 below.

(B) The Corporation shall:

(i) publish, not less frequently than annually, a report listing all real property owned in fee by the Corporation. Such report shall include a list and full description of all real and personal property disposed of during such period. The report shall contain the price received by the Corporation and the name of the purchaser for all such property sold by the Corporation during such period; and

(ii) shall deliver copies of such report to the Comptroller of the State of New York, the Director of the Budget of State of New York, the Commissioner of the New York State Office of General Services, and the New York State Legislature (via distribution to the Majority Leader of the Senate and the Speaker of the Assembly).

SECTION 3. TRANSFER OR DISPOSITION OF PROPERTY.

(A) Supervision and Direction. Except as otherwise provided herein, the duly appointed contracting officer (the "Contracting Officer") shall have supervision and direction over the disposition and sale of property of the Corporation. The Corporation shall have the right to dispose of its property for any valid corporate purpose.

(B) Custody and Control. The custody and control of Corporation property, pending its disposition, and the disposal of such property, shall be performed by the Corporation or by the Commissioner of General Services when so authorized under this section.

(C) Method of Disposition. Unless otherwise permitted, the Corporation shall dispose of property for not less than its fair market value by sale, exchange, or transfer, for cash, credit, or other property, with or without warranty, and upon such other terms and conditions as the Corporation and/or Contracting Officer deems proper. The Corporation may execute such documents for the transfer of title or other interest in property and take such other action as it deems necessary or proper to dispose of such property under the provisions of this section. Provided, however, except in compliance with all applicable law, no disposition of real property, any interest in real property, or any other property which because of its unique nature is not subject to fair market pricing shall be made unless an appraisal of the value of such property has been made by an independent appraiser and included in the record of the transaction.

(D) Sales by the Commissioner of General Services (the "Commissioner"). When the Corporation shall have deemed that transfer of property by the Commissioner will be advantageous to the State of New York, the Corporation may enter into an agreement with the Commissioner pursuant to which the Commissioner may dispose of property of the Corporation under terms and conditions agreed to by the Corporation and the Commissioner. In disposing of any such property, the Commissioner shall be bound by the terms hereof and references to the contracting officer shall be deemed to refer to such Commissioner.

(E) Validity of Deed, Bill of Sale, Lease, or Other Instrument. A deed, bill of sale, lease, or other instrument executed by or on behalf of the Corporation, purporting to transfer title or any other interest in property of the Corporation in accordance herewith shall be conclusive evidence of compliance with the provisions of these guidelines and all applicable law insofar as concerns title or other interest of any bona fide grantee or transferee who has given valuable consideration for such title or other interest and has not received actual or constructive notice of lack of such compliance prior to closing.

(F) Bids for Disposal; Advertising; Procedure; Disposal by Negotiation; Explanatory Statement.

(i) Except as permitted by all applicable law, all disposals or contracts for disposal of property made or authorized by the Corporation shall be made after publicly advertising for bids except as provided in subsection (iii).

(ii) Whenever public advertising for bids is required under subsection (i) of this Section F:

(1) the advertisement for bids shall be made at such time prior to the disposal or contract, through such methods, and on such terms and conditions as shall

permit full and free competition consistent with the value and nature of the property proposed for disposition;

(2) all bids shall be publicly disclosed at the time and place stated in the advertisement; and

(3) the award shall be made with reasonable promptness by notice to the responsible bidder whose bid, conforming to the invitation for bids, will be most advantageous to the Corporation, price and other factors considered; provided, that all bids may be rejected at the Corporation's discretion.

(iii) Disposals and contracts for disposal of property may be negotiated or made by public auction without regard to subsections (i) and (ii) of this Section F but subject to obtaining such competition as is feasible under the circumstances, if:

(1) the personal property involved has qualities separate from the utilitarian purpose of such property, such as artistic quality, antiquity, historical significance, rarity, or other quality of similar effect, that would tend to increase its value, or if the personal property is to be sold in such quantity that, if it were disposed of by bid, would adversely affect the state or local market for such property, and the estimated fair market value of such property and other satisfactory terms of disposal can be obtained by negotiation;

(2) the fair market value of the property does not exceed fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000.00);

(3) bid prices after advertising therefore are not reasonable, either as to all or some part of the property, or have not been independently arrived at in open competition;

(4) the disposal will be to the state or any political subdivision or public benefit corporation, and the estimated fair market value of the property and other satisfactory terms of disposal are obtained by negotiation; or

(5) such action is otherwise authorized by law.

(G) Transfer of Property for Less than Fair Market Value. (i) The Corporation may dispose of its property for less than fair market value under the following circumstances:

(1) the transferee is a government or other public entity, and the terms and conditions of the transfer require that the ownership and use of the asset will remain with the government or any other public entity;

(2) the purpose of the transfer is within the purpose, mission or governing statute of the public authority; or

(3) in the event the Corporation seeks to transfer an asset for less than its fair market value to other than a governmental entity, which disposal would not be consistent with the Corporation's mission, purpose or governing statutes, such authority shall provide written notification thereof to the governor, the speaker of the assembly, and the temporary president of the senate, and such proposed transfer shall be subject to denial by the governor, the senate, or the assembly.

(ii) In the event that the Corporation intends to carry out a disposition of its property at a price that is less than the property's fair market value, the following steps must be taken prior to the disposition:

(1) the Corporation's members must be provided with the following:

(a) a full description of the asset;

(b) an appraisal of the fair market value of the asset and any other information establishing the fair market value sought by the members;

(c) a description of the purpose of the transfer, and a reasonable statement of the kind and amount of the benefit to the public resulting from the transfer, including but not limited to the kind, number, location, wages or salaries of jobs created or preserved as required by the transfer, the benefits, if any, to the communities in which the asset is situated as are required by the transfer;

(d) a statement of the value to be received compared to the fair market value;

(e) the names of any private parties participating in the transfer, and if different than the statement required by subparagraph (d) of this paragraph, a statement of the value to the private party; and

(f) the names of other private parties who have made an offer for such asset, the value offered, and the purpose for which the asset was sought to be used.

(2) Before approving the disposal of any property for less than fair market value, the members shall consider the information described in the immediately preceding paragraph (1) above and make a written determination that there is no reasonable alternative to the proposed below-market transfer that would achieve the same purpose of such transfer.

H. Explanatory Statement. (i) If the Corporation disposes of its property through a method other than competitive bidding, and any of the statements that follow in subsection (ii) of this Section H apply to the disposition, the Corporation must prepare and deliver an explanatory statement that complies with the notice requirements set forth in Section 2897 of the New York State Public Authorities Law.

(ii) (1) the disposal involves any personal property which has an estimated fair market value in excess of fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000.00);

(2) the disposal involves any real property that has an estimated fair market value in excess of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000.00), except that any real property disposed of by lease or exchange shall only be subject to clauses (3) through (5) of this subparagraph;

(3) the disposal involves any real property disposed of by lease if the estimated annual rent over the term of the lease is in excess of \$15,000.

(4) the disposal involves any real property or real and related personal property disposed of by exchange, regardless of value, or any property any part of the consideration for which is real property.

(iii) Each such statement shall be transmitted to the persons entitled to receive copies of the report required under all applicable law not less than ninety (90) days in advance of such disposal and a copy thereof shall be preserved in the files of the Corporation making such disposal.

This Policy is subject to modification and amendment at the discretion of the Corporation and shall be filed annually with all local and state agencies as required under all applicable law.